



بانچي قندودوق دان قرومهن
**BANCI PENDUDUK
dan PERUMAHAN 2021**

Pastikan awda dihitung untuk masa depan kitani

**INSIGHTS INTO
THE POPULATION AND HOUSING CENSUS (BPP) 2021
HOUSEHOLD RECREATIONAL ACTIVITIES**



JABATAN PERANCANGAN EKONOMI DAN STATISTIK
KEMENTERIAN KEWANGAN DAN EKONOMI
NEGARA BRUNEI DARUSSALAM

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HOUSEHOLD RECREATIONAL ACTIVITIES

HOUSEHOLD RECREATIONAL ACTIVITIES WITHIN BRUNEI

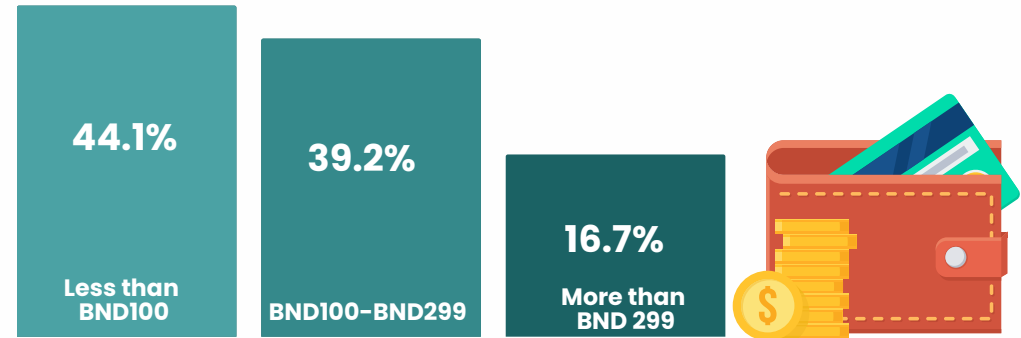
Refers to household recreational activities within the country using domestic packages such as River Cruise, Belalong Canopy Walkway, etc in 2021 census period.

3.4%

Households engaged in recreational activities within the country



Average households expenditure using domestic packages (per day)

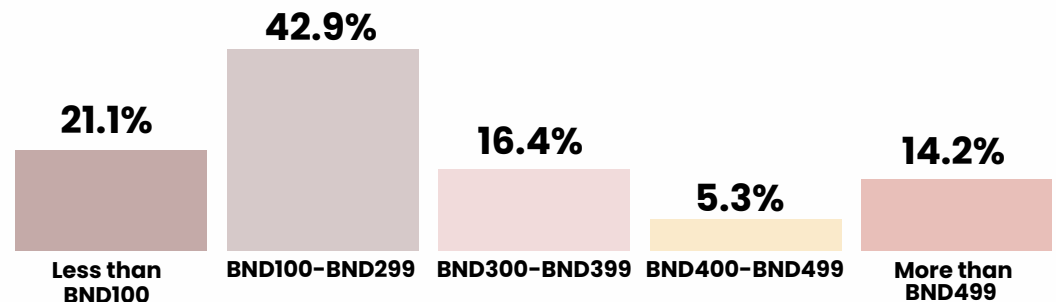


HOUSEHOLD RECREATIONAL ACTIVITIES OUTSIDE BRUNEI

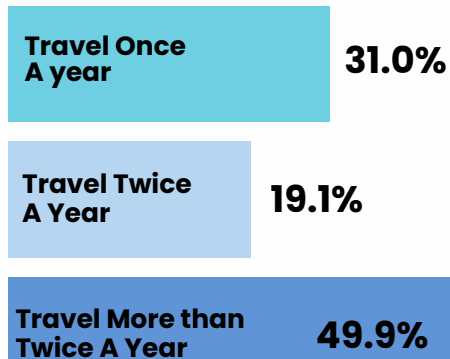
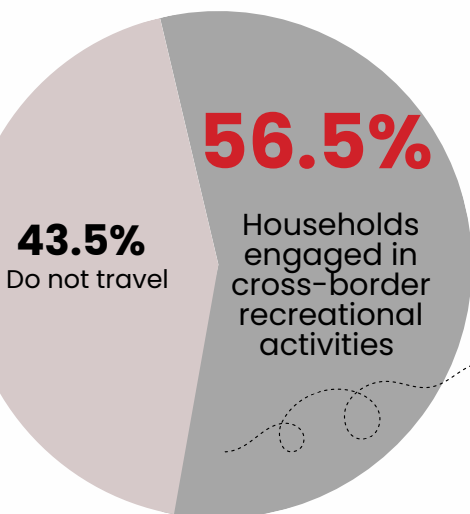
Refers to cross-border household recreational activities using air, land, or sea transportation prior to the COVID-19 pandemic.



Average households expenditure excluding accommodation and airfare expenses (per day)



Household insured by travel insurance





Executive Summary

The Department of Economic Planning and Statistics (JPES) has conducted the **Population and Housing Census (BPP) 2021** starting from January until December 2021. BPP 2021 was the sixth such census conducted in Brunei Darussalam. The earlier censuses were conducted in 1971, 1981, 1991, 2001 and 2011. BPP 2021 covered all housing units and households in Brunei Darussalam. It was conducted on a *de jure* basis, whereby all persons, whether Brunei Darussalam citizens, permanent residents or temporary residents who had stayed or intended to stay as usual members of the household for a period of 6 months or more in 2021, were enumerated according to their usual place of residence.

The census collected a wide range of information about the demographic, social, economic and housing characteristics of Brunei Darussalam's population. Apart from providing a comprehensive profile of the population, the 2021 census data can be compared with similar information from the previous censuses to show how the conditions of the population have changed over time.

Household Recreational Activities information collected from the Population and Housing Census (BPP) 2021 highlights household recreational activities within and outside the country, with the following information:

- i) Household recreational activities within Brunei Darussalam refers to household recreational activities within the country, whether for vacation, leisure, or recreational activities using domestic packages such as the River Cruise and the Belalong Canopy Walkway. The household's recreational activities correspond to activities carried out by the household for the last 12 months from the 2021 census period.
- ii) Household recreational activities outside Brunei Darussalam refers to cross-border household recreational abroad including travel whether for vacation, leisure, or recreational activities using air, land, or sea transportation. The household's recreational activities abroad correspond to activities carried out by the household prior to the COVID-19 pandemic.

Household Recreational Activities Within Brunei Darussalam

In 2021, out of the 87,137 households, only about 3.4 per cent (2,944 households) travelled within the country for recreational activities within Brunei Darussalam for the last twelve months for leisure and recreational activities. This includes domestic packages such River



Cruise and Belalong Canopy Walkway. Of the 2,944 households, less than half (44.1 per cent or 1,298 households) spent an estimated average of less than BND100 per day on domestic packages and about one quarter (16.7 per cent or 493 households) spent more than BND299 per day.

Household Recreational Activities Outside Brunei Darussalam

Meanwhile, more than half of the total number of households (49,204 households or 56.5 per cent) usually travelled abroad for holiday before the COVID-19 pandemic situation and less than half (43.5 per cent or 37,933 households) did not travel at all.

Frequency travelled abroad

In terms of the frequency travelled abroad, out of the total number of households,

- *More than one quarter (49.9 per cent or 24,535 households) travelled more than twice a year;*
- *Less than one quarter (31.0 per cent or 15,250 households) travelled once a year; and*
- *About 19.1 per cent (9,419 households) travelled twice a year.*

Estimated average expenditure

As for the estimated average expenditure (excluding accommodation and airfare expenses), out of the 49,204 travelling households,

- *Almost half (42.9 per cent or 21,124 households) had an estimated average spending of BND100-BND299 per day;*
- *Less than one quarter (21.1 per cent or 10,392 households) spent less than BND100 per day;*
- *About 16.4 per cent (8,058 households) spent between BND300-BND399 per day;*
- *Around 14.2 per cent (7,008 households) spent more than BND499 per day; and*
- *The remaining 5.3 per cent (2,622 households) spent between BND400-BND499 per day.*

Only 30.6 per cent (15,052 households) of those who travelled were insured.



Indicator	Household	
	Number	Percentage
Total Household in Brunei Darussalam	87,137	
HOUSEHOLD RECREATIONAL ACTIVITIES WITHIN BRUNEI DARUSSALAM		
Household recreational activities within Brunei Darussalam using domestic packages for the last 12 months from the 2021 census period	2,944	
Estimated average households expenditure using domestic packages for the last 12 months from the 2021 census period (per day)		
Less than BND100	1,298	44.1
BND100 - BND299	1,153	39.2
More than BND299	493	16.7
HOUSEHOLD RECREATIONAL ACTIVITIES OUTSIDE BRUNEI DARUSSALAM		
Cross-border household recreational activities abroad carried out by the household prior to the COVID-19 pandemic	49,204	
Frequency travelled abroad (including cross-border travel)		
Travel once a year	15,250	31.0
Travel twice a year	9,419	19.1
Travel more than twice a year	24,535	49.9
Estimated average households expenditure (per day)		
Excluding accommodation and airfare expenses		
Less than BND100	10,392	21.1
BND100 - BND299	21,124	42.9
BND300 - BND399	8,058	16.4
BND400 - BND499	2,622	5.3
More than BND499	7,008	14.2
Household covered by travel insurance		
Covered by insurance	15,051	30.6
No insurance	34,153	69.4
HOUSEHOLD DO NOT TRAVEL	37,933	

Note: The data collected is based on the situation before COVID-19 pandemic



Indicator	Household Size					
	1		2-5		6+	
	Number	Percentage	Number	Percentage	Number	Percentage
Total Household in Brunei Darussalam	8,933		46,552		31,652	
HOUSEHOLD RECREATIONAL ACTIVITIES WITHIN BRUNEI DARUSSALAM						
Household recreational activities within Brunei Darussalam using domestic packages for the last 12 months from the 2021 census period	194		1,681		1,069	
Estimated average households expenditure using domestic packages for the last 12 months from the 2021 census period (per day)						
Less than BND100	115	59.3	754	44.9	429	40.1
BND100 - BND299	59	30.4	648	38.5	446	41.7
More than BND299	20	10.3	279	16.6	194	18.1
HOUSEHOLD RECREATIONAL ACTIVITIES OUTSIDE BRUNEI DARUSSALAM						
Cross-border household recreational activities abroad carried out by the household prior to the COVID-19 pandemic	2,761		27,144		19,299	
Frequency travelled abroad (including cross-border travel)						
Travel once a year	873	31.6	8,359	30.8	6,018	31.2
Travel twice a year	534	19.3	5,323	19.6	3,562	18.5
Travel more than twice a year	1,354	49.0	13,462	49.6	9,719	50.4
Estimated average households expenditure (per day)						
Excluding accommodation and airfare expenses						
Less than BND100	891	32.3	6,117	22.5	3,384	17.5
BND100 - BND299	1,155	41.8	11,871	43.7	8,098	42.0
BND300 - BND399	329	11.9	4,246	15.6	3,483	18.0
BND400 - BND499	97	3.5	1,345	5.0	1,180	6.1
More than BND499	289	10.5	3,565	13.1	3,154	16.3
Household covered by travel insurance						
Covered by insurance	967	35.0	8,653	31.9	5,432	28.1
No insurance	1,794	65.0	18,491	68.1	13,867	71.9
HOUSEHOLD DO NOT TRAVEL	6,172		19,408		12,353	

Note: The data collected is based on the situation before COVID-19 pandemic



Technical Note

Introduction

Population and Housing Census (BPP) is a data collection project to count the number of population as well as the households and housing units in a country and provides a statistical profile of the population and households.

*The Department of Economic Planning and Statistics (JPES) has conducted the **Population and Housing Census (BPP) 2021** starting from January until December 2021. BPP 2021 was the sixth such census conducted in Brunei Darussalam. The earlier censuses were conducted in 1971, 1981, 1991, 2001 and 2011. In 2016, JPES has conducted the Population and Housing Census Update (KBPP) 2016 for Brunei Darussalam.*

BPP 2021 was conducted under the Census Act, Chapter 78 from the Laws of Brunei Darussalam. The Census Act makes it obligatory for the public to answer all the census questions and guarantees the confidentiality of information furnished.

Objectives

The main objectives of BPP 2021 were to collect comprehensive and latest information on the total count as well as demographic, social and economic characteristics of the population; and to collect comprehensive and latest information on the total number of housing units with housing characteristics and availability of household amenities.

Census Approach and Coverage

The Population and Housing Census (BPP) 2021 covered all housing units and households in Brunei Darussalam. It was conducted on a de jure basis, whereby all persons, whether Brunei Darussalam Citizens, Permanent Residents or Temporary Residents who had stayed or intended to stay as usual members of the household for a period of 6 months or more in 2021, were enumerated according to their usual place of residence.



Methodology

The census was conducted in three stages:

i) First Stage (Houselisting):

The first stage was conducted from 20 January until 21 February 2021. During this stage, all housing units were listed by kampung or area, mukim and district throughout the country to ensure full coverage of the census. Census officers collected information on every households such as the names and identity card numbers of head and each household members living in each housing unit. Census officers also affix a sticker to each housing unit.

ii) Second Stage (e-Census Implementation):

The second stage was conducted from 20 April 2021 until 21 July 2021. During this stage, the e-Census system were activated to allow the public to fill in the census questionnaire online. More detailed information from each household member was collected in this stage covering personal information such as date of birth, education and employment characteristics.

iii) Third Stage (Household Interview):

The third stage was initially scheduled to be implemented from 2 August 2021 to 29 August 2021. Following the COVID-19 situation in the country, the third stage: face-to-face interviews, has been revised and implemented from 1 November to 31 December 2021 using the following two methods:

- 1. Telephone Call Interview: The appointed census officers interviewed the households without visiting their housing units. The head of the household was contacted to set up an appointment before the telephone interview is held.*
- 2. Fill in the census form themselves online: The e-Census method is only accessible to households that have an internet connection and choose to fill in the census questionnaire themselves online, including filling out the questionnaire in softcopy form and sending it via email.*



Concepts and Definitions

The following are some concepts and definitions used in Population and Housing Census (BPP) 2021:

District:

Brunei Darussalam is divided into four districts namely Brunei Muara, Belait, Tutong and Temburong.

Mukim:

Each district is divided into several mukims and in each mukim there are a number of kampung or villages. Usually, a mukim is headed by a Penghulu and a kampung or village is headed by a Ketua Kampung.

Kampung:

A Mukim is divided into several kampung or villages with a Ketua Kampung or Village Headman for each or a group of them depending on the sizes of the kampung.

Enumeration Area:

Kampung or localities in each mukim were further divided into several enumeration areas. Each enumeration area comprises one or the entire kampung or locality or part of it. A large kampung or locality might be divided into several enumeration areas.

Urban and Rural:

Urban areas are defined as those areas which fall under the following categories:

- i) Municipality areas of Bandar Seri Begawan, Kuala Belait, Seria, Pekan Tutong and Pekan Bangar; and*
- ii) Heavily populated areas with urban characteristics and dependent on the town for employment, education, entertainment, and other facilities.*

Those areas which do not satisfy the above criteria are considered as rural.



Housing Units:

A housing unit is defined as a building or a part of a building which is separated and independent, and is being used or to be used for permanent or temporary living place by one person or more.

Separate means that the building structure is physically surrounded or parted by wall, fence, etc.

Independent means that there is a direct access to the housing unit and its occupiers can move freely in and out, without necessarily passing through other's housing units.

Households (HH):

A household is one person or a group of persons who are related or unrelated living together under one roof and making common provision for food and other essentials of living.

The households are categories into two types:

- i) Private households*
- ii) Institutional households*

Head of Households:

The head of household is the person generally acknowledged as such by other members of the household. The head is normally the oldest member, the main income earner, the owner-occupier of the house or the person who manages the affairs of the household. For households comprising a group of unrelated persons, the head of household refers to the person who manages the affairs of the household or any responsible person who supplied the information pertaining to the other household members.

A local household is a household that is headed by a local (Brunei Citizen and Permanent Resident). Meanwhile, a non-local household is a household that is headed by a Temporary Resident.



Average annual population growth rate

The average annual population growth rate is calculated as:

$$r = \frac{[\ln(\frac{P_{t+n}}{P_t})]}{n} \times 100$$

where

- r is the average annual population growth rate
- n is the exact number of years between year t and year $t+n$
- P_t is the population at the year t
- P_{t+n} is the population at the year $t+n$
- \ln is the natural logarithm

Sex ratio:

The sex ratio is the number of males per 100 females.

Average household size:

The average household size is the number of persons per household and is calculated as:

$$\frac{\text{Number of Persons}}{\text{Number of Households}}$$

Population density:

The density of persons per square kilometre is the ratio of the population of a given area to the number of square kilometres in the same area.

Residential Status:

Residential Status is the status of the person in relation to the immigration laws of the country.

The categories of residential status are:

- i) Brunei citizen, i.e. holder of yellow identity card;
- ii) Permanent resident, i.e. holder of purple identity card; and
- iii) Temporary resident, i.e. holder of green identity card.

Median Age:

The median age of a population is that age that divides a population into two groups of the same size, such that half the total population is younger than this age, and the other half older.



Race:

Brunei Malay consists of the persons belonging to one of the following ethnic groups of the Malay race, namely Brunei, Tutong, Belait, Kedayan, Dusun, Bisaya or Murut. Other Malay refers to the Malay race other than the Brunei Malay.

Chinese refers to all persons who belong to the Chinese ethnic group, while Others consists of the rest of the population not included in the Malay and Chinese racial groups.

Religion:

Religion is defined as the religious or spiritual belief or preference of the person. The categories of religion used in the census are:

- i) Islam
- ii) Christianity
- iii) Buddhism
- iv) Hinduism
- v) Others

The other religions, unstated faiths and no religious beliefs were grouped into "Others".

Marital Status:

Marital Status is the status of the person in relation to the marriage laws or custom of Brunei Darussalam. The categories of the marital status are:

- i) Single
- ii) Married
- iii) Divorced
- iv) Widowed

Country of Birth:

The country of birth is the country in which the person was born. It should be noted that the place or country of birth is not necessarily related to nationality, which is a separate topic.

Nationality:

Nationality is the legal nationality of the person. A person with a yellow Brunei Darussalam identity card is automatically a citizen of Brunei Darussalam.



Household Recreational activities within Brunei Darussalam:

Refers to household recreational activities within the country, whether for vacation, leisure, or recreational activities using domestic packages such as the River Cruise and the Belalong Canopy Walkway. The household's recreational activities correspond to activities carried out by the household for the last 12 months from the 2021 census period.

Household Recreational activities outside Brunei Darussalam:

Refers to cross-border household recreational activities abroad including travel whether for vacation, leisure, or recreational activities using air, land, or sea transportation. The household's recreational activities abroad correspond to activities carried out by the household prior to the COVID-19 pandemic.

Estimated average households expenditure for recreational activities within Brunei Darussalam:

The estimated average expenditure households spend per day using domestic holiday packages for the last twelve (12) months.

Estimated average households expenditure for recreational activities outside Brunei Darussalam:

The estimated average expenditure households spend per day to cover basic expenses such as transport services, cost of meals and tips, use of communications devices excluding accommodation and airfare expenses.

Insurance protection:

An insurance to cover or to protect against risks and financial losses that could happen while traveling abroad such as takaful travel plan.

Domestic packages within Brunei Darussalam:

Refers to households travelling within the country for holiday by sea and land transportation using domestic holiday packages.